

# BECK, MACK & OLIVER FUNDS

## BECK, MACK & OLIVER PARTNERS FUND (BMPEX)

### PROSPECTUS

August 1, 2021

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of the disclosure in this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Summary Section	1
Investment Objective	1
Fees and Expenses	1
Principal Investment Strategies	1
Principal Investment Risks	2
Performance Information	5
Management	6
Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares	7
Tax Information	7
Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries	7
Details Regarding the Fund's Principal Investment Strategies	8
Additional Information Regarding Principal Investment Strategies	8
Additional Information Regarding Principal Investment Risks	9
Management	16
Investment Adviser	16
Portfolio Managers	16
Other Service Providers	16
Fund Expenses	17
Your Account	18
General Information	18
How to Contact the Fund	18
Buying Shares	21
Selling Shares	24
Retirement Accounts	27
Other Information	29
Financial Highlights	32

The Notice of Privacy Policy and Practices of the Fund is included with this Prospectus but is not to be considered part of the Prospectus.

## Investment Objective

The Beck, Mack & Oliver Partners Fund (the “Fund”) seeks long-term capital appreciation with the preservation of capital.

## Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Distributions (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 60 days of purchase, if applicable)	2.00%
Exchange Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed, if applicable)	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.86%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	<b>1.86%</b>
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.86)%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement</b>	<b>1.00%</b>

- (1) Beck, Mack & Oliver LLC (the “Adviser” or “BM&O”) has contractually agreed to waive its fee and/or reimburse Fund expenses to limit the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement (excluding all taxes, interest, portfolio transaction expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses) to 1.00% through at least July 31, 2022 (the “Expense Cap”). The Expense Cap may only be raised or eliminated with the consent of the Board of Trustees.

**Example.** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same, except that it reflects the Expense Cap through the time periods described above. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, whether you do or do not redeem your shares at the end of each period described below, your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$102	\$501	\$926	\$2,109

**Portfolio Turnover.** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

## Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests primarily in a portfolio of common stocks and securities convertible into or exercisable for common stocks issued by companies of any size, but it may also invest in preferred stocks and fixed, variable and floating rate fixed-income securities such as investment grade notes, bonds and debentures. The Fund generally

seeks to invest in equity securities of domestic and foreign companies which it believes have sound, long-term fundamentals. The Fund may also invest in the securities of business development companies (“BDCs”) and other registered investment companies that invest in BDCs. As a non-diversified fund, the Fund may invest in a relatively small number of companies.

The Adviser relies primarily on fundamental analyses to identify companies, sectors and industries that, in its judgment, are undervalued relative to their potential and whose growth should exceed that anticipated by the market. The Adviser seeks to purchase the securities of companies at prices that are below intrinsic value.

The Fund may invest in equity or fixed-income securities of any credit quality. With respect to fixed-income securities, the Adviser monitors interest rate outlooks, the shape of the yield curve and other economic factors to achieve an appropriate maturity profile for the Fund. The Fund may invest in fixed-income securities of any maturity, and the weighted average maturity of the portfolio may vary substantially over time. Up to 10% of the Fund’s net assets may be invested in fixed-income securities rated below investment grade (“junk bonds”). Investment grade debt securities are debt securities rated in one of the top four categories by a national rating organization or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality. Certain fixed-income securities held by the Fund may be illiquid.

The Fund may invest a significant portion of the Fund’s total assets in cash or cash equivalents if the Adviser’s investment process does not identify other appropriate investments for the Fund. The Adviser may sell a security if, in its judgment, an issuer experiences a decline in its financial condition, an erosion in profits, earnings or cash flow, or becomes overvalued. The Adviser may also consider the issuer’s weighting in the portfolio and any trends in inflation, recession or interest rates in purchasing and selling securities for the Fund’s portfolio.

## Principal Investment Risks

The Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”) and investment return will fluctuate based upon changes in the value of its portfolio securities. You could lose money on your investment in the Fund, and the Fund could underperform other investments. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

It is important that you closely review and understand the risks of investing in the Fund prior to making an investment in the Fund.

**Equity Risk.** Equity securities, which include common stocks, may decline in value because of changes in the price of a particular holding or a broad stock market decline. Common stock ranks below preferred stock and debt securities in claims for dividends and for assets of the company in a liquidation or bankruptcy. The value of a security may decline for a number of reasons that directly relate to the issuer of a security or broader economic or market events including changes in interest rates.

**Market Events Risk.** Disruptive events with geopolitical consequences, including pandemics (such as COVID-19), may destabilize various countries’ economies and markets, which may experience increased volatility and reduced liquidity. Policy changes by the Federal Reserve and/or other government actors could similarly cause increased volatility in financial markets. Trade barriers and other protectionist trade policies (including those in the U.S.) may also result in market turbulence. Market volatility and reductions in market liquidity may negatively affect issuers worldwide, including issuers in which the Fund invests. Under such circumstances, the Fund may have difficulty liquidating portfolio holdings, particularly at favorable prices. To the extent that the Fund experiences higher levels of redemptions, the Fund may be required to transact in contemporaneous markets, even if they are volatile and/or illiquid, which may negatively impact the Fund’s net asset value.

**Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest a higher percentage of its total assets in one or more sectors. Developments affecting those sectors should be expected to impact the Fund more than a fund that is more broadly diversified and/or is not weighted in those sectors.

**Value Investment Risk.** The Fund's investments in value securities are subject to the risk that they may remain undervalued for extended periods of time or never realize their full value. Different investment styles may shift in and out of favor, depending on market conditions and investor sentiment. The Fund's value approach could cause it to underperform funds that use a growth or non-value approach to investing or have a broader investment style.

**Large Capitalization Company Risk.** The Fund's investments in large capitalization companies may underperform other segments of the market because they may be less responsive to competitive challenges and opportunities and unable to attain high growth rates during periods of economic expansion.

**Small and Mid-Sized Capitalization Company Risk.** Investments in small and mid-sized capitalization companies may be less liquid, and the prices of such securities may fluctuate more than those of larger, more established companies. These factors could adversely affect the Fund's ability to sell such securities at a desirable time and price.

**Liquidity Risk.** The Fund may not be able to dispose of restricted, thinly traded and/or illiquid instruments at an appropriate time or at a reasonable price, which may result in a loss to the Fund. Liquidity can decline unpredictably and investments that are illiquid are typically more difficult to value than investments with more active markets.

**Non-Diversification Risk.** The Fund is non-diversified. Investment by the Fund in securities of a limited number of issuers may expose it to greater market risk and potential monetary losses than if its assets were diversified among the securities of a greater number of issuers.

**Management Risk.** The Fund is actively managed and its performance will reflect the Adviser's ability to make investment decisions that are suited to achieving the Fund's investment objective.

**Foreign Investments Risk.** The value of foreign investments may be affected by risks in addition to those affecting domestic investments, including the imposition of new, amended, or limited government regulations, changes in diplomatic relations between the U.S. and another country, political and economic instability, less favorable economic conditions, the imposition or tightening of exchange controls, trade barriers and other protectionist trade policies (including those in the U.S.), or other limitations on repatriation of foreign capital or nationalization and/or increased taxation or confiscation of investors' assets. Investments in securities of foreign issuers are subject to fluctuations in the value of the issuer's local currency relative to the U.S. dollar and may be subject to foreign withholding and other taxes.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk.** To the extent the Fund holds cash and cash equivalents positions, even strategically, the Fund risks achieving lower returns and potential lost opportunities to participate in market appreciation, which could negatively impact the Fund's performance and ability to achieve its investment objective. This is particularly true when the market for other investments in which the Fund may invest is rapidly rising.

**Convertible Securities Risk.** Investments in convertible securities entail some of the risks of both equity and debt securities. The value of convertible securities tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with the fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities or any changes in the issuer's credit rating. Convertible securities are subject to the risk that the credit rating of the issuer may have an effect on the value of the convertible securities.

**Fixed-Income Securities Risk.** The Fund may invest in fixed-income (debt) securities, which are generally subject to the following risks:

**Interest Rate Risk.** An increase in interest rates typically causes a decrease in the value of fixed-income securities in which the Fund may invest. Given that interest rates are near historic lows, risks associated with rising rates may be heightened.

**Credit Risk.** The financial condition of an issuer of a fixed-income security may cause the issuer to default. A decline in an issuer's credit rating may cause a decrease in the value of the security and an increase in investment risk and price volatility.

**Prepayment Risk.** Prepayment of fixed-income securities, which is more common when interest rates are declining, may shorten such securities' maturity, reduce the Fund's return and cause the Fund to reinvest in lower yielding securities.

**Variable and Floating Interest Rate Risk.** Variable and floating rate securities may produce a leveraging effect or provide interest payments that vary inversely with market rates. Variable and floating rate securities may decline in value if interest rates in general or interest rates paid by them do not move as expected. Floating and variable rate securities may be called or redeemed by the issuer prior to maturity, which may result in the Fund having to reinvest proceeds in other investments at a lower interest rate. The Fund may suffer a loss if there is no active secondary market for any particular floating or variable rate security.

**Preferred Stock Risk.** Preferred stock is a class of a capital stock that typically pays dividends at a specified rate. Preferred stock is generally senior to common stock, but subordinate to debt securities, with respect to the payment of dividends and on liquidation of the issuer. The market value of preferred stock generally decreases when

interest rates rise and is also affected by the issuer's ability to make payments on the preferred stock.

**Registered Investment Company Risk.** The risks of investing in these securities typically reflect the risks of the types of instruments in which the investment companies invest. By investing in another investment company, the Fund becomes a shareholder of that investment company and bears its proportionate share of the fees and expenses of the other investment company.

**High-Yield Securities Risk.** Investments in "high-yield securities" or "junk bonds" are inherently speculative and have a greater risk of default than investments in investment grade fixed-income securities. If an issuer defaults, a below-investment grade security could lose all of its value, be renegotiated at a lower interest rate or principal amount or become illiquid. Below-investment grade securities may be less liquid and more volatile than investment grade fixed-income securities and may be more difficult to value or sell.

**Business Development Company Risk.** BDCs are closed-end investment companies that have elected to register as BDCs. Shareholders bear both their proportionate share of the Fund's expenses and similar expenses of the BDC when the fund invests in shares of the BDC. BDCs primarily invest in privately-held and small and mid-size capitalization public companies, and are generally considered to be non-rated or below investment grade. The fair values of these investments often are not readily determinable. This could cause the Fund's investments in a BDC to be inaccurately valued, including overvalued. BDC revenues, income (or losses) and valuations can, and often do, fluctuate suddenly and dramatically, and they face considerable risk of loss. In addition, BDCs often borrow funds to make investments and, as a result, are exposed to the risks of leverage. Leverage magnifies the potential loss on amounts invested and therefore increases the risks associated with an investment in a BDC's securities.

**Financials Sector Risk.** Performance of companies in the financials sector may be adversely impacted by many

factors, including, among others, government regulations, economic conditions, credit rating downgrades, changes in interest rates, and decreased liquidity in credit markets. The impact of more stringent capital requirements, recent or future regulation of any individual financial company, or recent or future regulation of the financials sector as a whole cannot be predicted.

**Healthcare Sector Risk.** The profitability of companies in the healthcare sector may be affected by government regulations changing costs of medical products and services, limited product lines, and product liability claims, among other things. Many healthcare companies are heavily dependent on patent protection, which may be time consuming and costly, and the expiration of a company's patent may adversely affect that company's profitability. Healthcare companies may be thinly capitalized and susceptible to product obsolescence. Many new products in the healthcare sector require significant research and development and may be subject to regulatory approvals, which may be time consuming and costly and with no guarantee that the product will come to market.

**Communications Sector Risk.** Companies in the communications sector may be affected by industry competition, substantial capital requirements, government regulation, cyclicalities of revenues and earnings,

obsolescence of communications products and services due to technological advancement, a potential decrease in the discretionary income of targeted individuals and changing consumer tastes and interests.

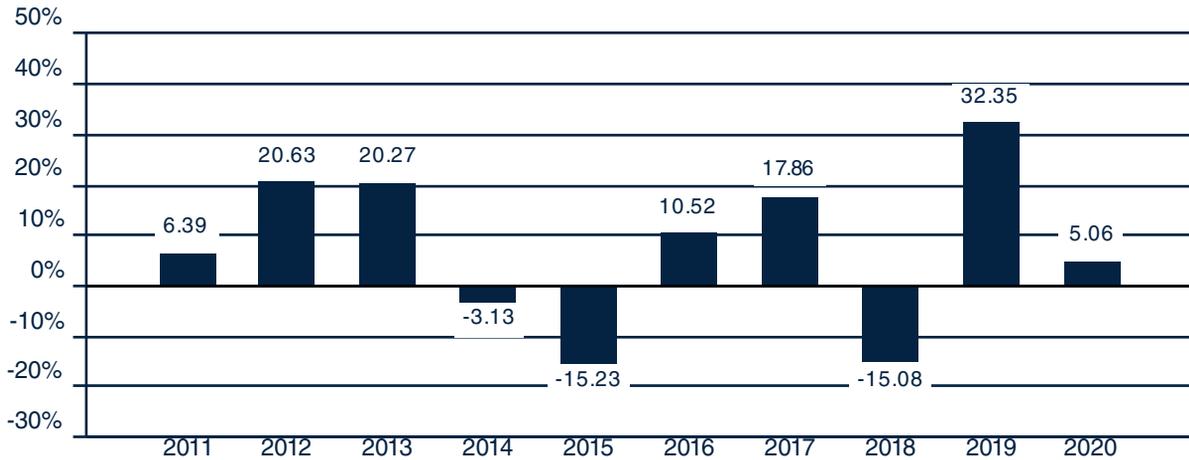
**Industrials Sector Risk.** To the extent the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in the industrial sector, the Fund's performance could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector. The industrials sector includes, for example, aerospace and defense, non-residential construction, engineering, machinery, transportation, and commercial and professional services companies. This sector can be significantly affected by, among other things, business cycle fluctuations, worldwide economy growth, government and corporate spending, supply and demand for specific products and manufacturing, and government regulation.

## Performance Information

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. Updated performance information is available on a quarterly basis at [www.beckmack.com](http://www.beckmack.com) or by calling (800) 943-6786 (toll free).

*Performance information represents only past performance and does not necessarily indicate future results.*

## Annual Returns as of December 31



The calendar year-to-date total return as of June 30, 2021 was 39.59%.

During the period shown, the highest return of a quarter was 25.03% for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, and the lowest return was -29.02% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

### Average Annual Total Returns (For the periods ended December 31, 2020)

	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Return Before Taxes	5.06%	8.99%	6.90%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.91%	8.88%	5.72%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	3.10%	7.10%	5.28%
S&P 500® Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	18.40%	15.22%	13.88%

S&P 500® Index is a broad-based, unmanaged measure of changes in stock market conditions based on the average performance of stocks of 500 large U.S. companies.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through

tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

#### Management

**Investment Adviser.** Beck, Mack & Oliver LLC is the Fund's investment adviser.

**Portfolio Manager.** Messrs. Robert Beck and Richard Fitzgerald are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. Beck, Senior

Member of the Adviser, has served as Portfolio Manager with respect to the Fund since 2015. Mr. Fitzgerald has served as Portfolio Manager for the Fund since 2016.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell (redeem) shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) is open for business. You may purchase or redeem shares directly from the Fund by calling (800) 943-6786 (toll free) or writing to the Fund at Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds, P.O. Box 588, Portland, Maine 04112. You also may purchase or redeem shares of the Fund through your financial intermediary. The Fund accepts investments in the following minimum amounts:

	Minimum Initial Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Minimum Additional Investment <sup>(1)</sup>
Standard Accounts	\$2,500	\$1,000
Retirement Accounts	\$2,000	\$1,000

<sup>(1)</sup> No initial or subsequent investment minimums for accounts maintained by financial institutions for the benefit of their clients who purchase shares through investment programs such as (1) fee-based advisory programs; (2) employee benefit plans like 401(k) retirement plans; (3) mutual fund platforms; and (4) consulting firms.

If deemed appropriate by the Trust officers, the Fund reserves the right to waive minimum investment amounts.

## Tax Information

Shareholders may receive distributions from the Fund, which may be taxed to shareholders other than tax-advantaged investors (such as tax-advantaged retirement plans and accounts) as ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, you may still be subject to taxation at ordinary income tax rates upon withdrawals from that account.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

## Details Regarding Principal Investment Strategies

### Concepts to Understand

**Common Stock** means an ownership interest in a company and usually possesses voting rights and may earn dividends.

**Convertible Security** means a security such as a preferred stock or bond that may be converted into a specified number of shares of common stock.

**Corporate Note** means a debt security with a short-term maturity, usually less than 5 years.

**Debenture** means an unsecured debt backed only by the creditworthiness of the borrower, not by collateral.

**Debt Security** means a security such as a bond or note that obligates the issuer to pay the security owner a specified sum of money (interest) at set intervals and to repay the principal amount of the security at its maturity.

**Fundamental Analysis** means the analysis of a company's financial condition to forecast the probably future value of its stock price. This analysis includes review of a company's balance sheet and income statement, asset history, earnings history, product or service development and management productivity.

**Preferred Stock** means a class of stock having a preference over common stock as to the payment of dividends and the recovery of investment should a company be liquidated, although preferred stock is usually junior to the debt securities of the issuers. Preferred stock typically does not possess voting rights and its market value may change based on changes in interest rates.

investment grade notes, bonds and debentures. The Fund generally seeks to invest in equity securities of domestic and foreign companies which it believes have sound, long-term fundamentals. The Fund may also invest in the securities of business development companies ("BDCs") and other registered investment companies that invest in BDCs. Equity investments will be made typically in companies which the Adviser believes are financially strong and which appear to have attractive prospects for growth.

The Fund's portfolio investments may include preferred stocks, corporate notes, bonds and debentures and securities issued and guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its net assets in fixed-income securities rated below investment grade. Investment grade debt securities are debt securities rated in the category BBB- or higher by Standard & Poor or Baa3 or higher by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or the equivalent by another national rating organization or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality. The Adviser will have discretion to select the range of maturities of the various fixed-income securities in which the Fund may invest and the weighted average life of the Fund's fixed-income securities may vary substantially from time to time depending on economic and market conditions. The Fund may invest in debt securities of any maturity.

**The Adviser's Process.** The Adviser relies primarily on fundamental analyses of prospective companies to identify companies that, in its judgment, are financially strong and possess high quality assets and above average growth and/or appreciation potential. The Adviser also uses fundamental analyses to identify sectors, industries and companies that it believes are experiencing growth but whose growth has not been recognized by the market, measuring the anticipated appreciation potential of the companies' securities against existing market prices. The Adviser aims to purchase portfolio securities at low price levels relative to earnings and intrinsic valuations.

### Additional Information Regarding Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation consistent with the preservation of capital. The Fund's investment objective is non-fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without a vote of shareholders.

The Fund invests primarily in a portfolio of common stocks and securities convertible into or exercisable for common stocks, but it may also invest in fixed, variable and floating rate fixed-income securities such as

With respect to the Fund's investment in fixed income securities, the Adviser monitors interest rate outlooks, the shape of the yield curve and other economic factors to determine an appropriate maturity profile for the Fund's investment portfolio consistent with the Fund's objective. In particular, the Adviser watches the yield spreads between higher and lower quality debt securities, between different sectors of the economy and between different types of debt securities to identify those securities that provide the highest yield at the best price.

The Adviser monitors the companies in the Fund's portfolio to determine if there have been any fundamental changes in the companies. The Adviser may sell a security if, in its judgment:

- The underlying company experiences a decline in financial condition;
- The underlying company experiences a significant erosion in profitability, earnings or cash flow;
- The security is overvalued compared to its fundamentals;
- The Fund's holding of a security is overweighted compared to other holdings; or
- There are negative trends in inflation, recession or interest rates.

The Fund may invest a significant portion of the Fund's total assets in cash or cash equivalents if the Adviser's Process does not identify other appropriate investments for the Fund.

The Fund is non-diversified.

**Temporary Defensive Position.** In order to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions, the Fund may assume a temporary defensive position that is inconsistent with its principal investment objective and/or strategies and may invest, without limitation, in cash or high-quality cash equivalents (including money market instruments, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances and time deposits). A defensive position, taken at the wrong time, may have an adverse impact on the Fund's performance. The Fund may be

unable to achieve its investment objective during the employment of a temporary defensive position.

### Additional Information Regarding Principal Investment Risks

The Fund's net asset value ("NAV") and investment return will fluctuate based upon changes in the value of its portfolio. You could lose money on your investment in the Fund, and the Fund could underperform other investments. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Equity Risk.** Equity securities, common stocks, may decline in value because of changes in price of a particular holding or a broad stock market decline. These fluctuations could be a drastic movement or a sustained trend. The value of a security may decline for a number of reasons that directly relate to the issuer of a security, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services, or broader economic or market events, including changes in interest rates. Common stocks in general are subject to the risk of an issuer liquidating or declaring bankruptcy, in which case the claims of owners of the issuer's debt securities and preferred stock take precedence over the claims of common stockholders. The value of convertible securities tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with fluctuation in the market value of the underlying securities.

**Market Events Risk.** Turbulence in the financial markets and reduced liquidity in equity, credit and fixed-income markets may negatively affect issuers worldwide, which could have an adverse effect on the Fund. Disruptive events with geopolitical consequences, including pandemics and natural disasters, may destabilize world economies and cause market turbulence. Trade barriers and other protectionist trade policies (including those in the U.S.) may also increase market turbulence. Similarly, policy changes by the Federal Reserve and/or other government

actors, including changes in interest rates, could cause or increase volatility in the financial markets. Increases in market volatility may lead to reductions in market liquidity, which may make it more difficult for the Fund to purchase and sell portfolio holdings at favorable market prices and make the Fund's net asset value fluctuate materially. To the extent that the Fund experiences high redemptions during periods of market turbulence, the Fund's performance may be adversely affected as the Fund may not be able to sell portfolio holdings at favorable prices. In addition, the Fund may experience increased portfolio turnover, which will increase its costs and adversely impact its performance.

In late 2019 and early 2020, a global pandemic and policy changes implemented by the United Kingdom caused varying levels of market turbulence. Most significantly, an outbreak of severe acute respiratory disease from a novel coronavirus, COVID-19, was detected in China and spread internationally, resulting in major operational and market disruptions. Various countries closed their borders and internally imposed or recommended strict quarantines of exposed populations. Travel became restricted. Supply chains were disrupted, and consumer activity decreased. All of these changes in the world economy led to significant market uncertainty, heightened market volatility and reduced market liquidity. The final impact of COVID-19, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, cannot be known at this time and may materially adversely affect issuers in which the Fund invests and the Fund itself.

In addition, the United Kingdom officially withdrew from the European Union ("EU") on January 31, 2020 in an act commonly referred to as "Brexit." The effect of Brexit on the United Kingdom and European economies will likely depend on the nature of trade relations between the United Kingdom and the EU and other major economies following Brexit, which are matters being negotiated. There is significant market uncertainty regarding Brexit's ramifications of possible political, regulatory, economic, and market outcomes are difficult to predict.

**Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest a higher percentage of its total assets in one or more sectors. The industries that comprise a sector may react similarly to changes in market conditions such as economic, political or regulatory events. Therefore, the value of the Fund's portfolio investments may be more sensitive to such events, which may result in greater risk to the Fund. For example, the health care sector is subject to government regulation and government approval of products and services, which could have a significant effect on price and availability. As another example, financial services companies are subject to extensive government regulation, and changes or proposed changes in these regulations may adversely impact the industry. In addition, the profitability of companies in the financial services industries can also be significantly affected by the cost of capital, changes in interest rates and price competition.

**Value Investment Risk.** The determination that a stock is undervalued is subjective, the market may not agree and the stock's price may not rise to what the Adviser believes is its full value. The value of the Fund's shares may decline, even if stock prices generally are rising because value stocks may fall out of favor with the market or react differently to market, political and economic developments.

**Large Capitalization Company Risk.** Investments in large capitalization companies may go in and out of favor based on market and economic conditions and may underperform other market segments. Some large capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges or to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. As such, returns on investments in stocks of large capitalization companies could trail the returns on investments in stocks of small and mid-sized capitalization companies.

**Small and Mid-Sized Capitalization Company Risk.** Investments in small and mid-sized capitalization companies may be less liquid, and the prices of such securities may fluctuate more and have a higher degree of

volatility than those of larger, more established companies. Securities of small and mid capitalization companies may be traded in lower volume. The general market may not favor the small and mid-sized companies in which the Fund invests, and as a result the Fund could underperform the general market. Small and mid-sized companies may have more limited product lines, markets and financial resources that make them more susceptible to economic and market setbacks. Additionally, information about these companies may not be readily available. The smaller the company, the greater effect these risks may have on the company's operations and performance, which could have a significant impact on the price of the security. These factors could adversely affect the Fund's ability to sell such securities at a desirable time and price.

**Liquidity Risk.** Certain of the Fund's holdings may be difficult (or impossible) to sell at an appropriate time and price. As a result, the Fund may have to hold these investments longer than more liquid securities and may forego other investment opportunities. Liquidity can decline unpredictably and investments that are illiquid are typically more difficult to value than investments with more active markets. There is a possibility that the Fund may lose money or be prevented from realizing capital gains if it cannot sell a security at a particular time and price.

**Non-Diversification Risk.** The Fund is non-diversified. As a non-diversified fund, the Fund will be subject to more investment risk and potential for volatility than a diversified fund because its portfolio may include only a limited number of issuers. An increase or decrease of the value of a single position held by the Fund may have a greater impact on the Fund's NAV and total return than if the Fund were more broadly invested.

**Management Risk.** The Fund is actively managed and its performance will reflect the Adviser's ability to make investment decisions that are suited to achieving the Fund's investment objective. Investments selected by the Adviser for the Fund may not perform to expectations. This could result in the Fund's underperformance compared to

other funds with similar investment objectives. Further, the Fund's performance may deviate from overall market returns to a greater degree than funds that do not employ a similar strategy.

**Foreign Investments Risk.** Investments in foreign securities may have the following additional risks:

- Foreign securities may be subject to greater fluctuations in price than securities of U.S. companies denominated in U.S. dollars because foreign markets may be smaller and less liquid than U.S. markets
- There may not be as much public information regarding foreign issuers, and foreign companies may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards as are U.S. companies
- Political and economic instability abroad may adversely affect the operations of foreign issuers and the value of their securities
- Changes in foreign tax laws, exchange controls and policies on nationalization and expropriation also may affect the operations of foreign issuers and the value of their securities
- Fluctuations in currency exchange rates and currency transfer restrictions may adversely affect the value of foreign securities, which may be determined or quoted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar
- Foreign securities and their issuers are not subject to the same degree of regulation as U.S. issuers regarding information disclosure, insider trading and market manipulation
- Foreign security registration, custody and settlement may be subject to delays or other operational and administrative problems
- Securities of issuers traded on exchanges may be suspended. In the event that the Fund holds material positions in such suspended securities, the Fund's ability to liquidate its positions or provide liquidity to investors may be compromised and the Fund could incur significant losses
- Foreign securities are also subject to the risks associated with protectionist trade policies

(including those of the U.S.) and the potential imposition of economic or other sanctions against a particular foreign country, its nationals, businesses or industries, which could adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments

- Certain foreign brokerage commissions and custody fees may be higher than those in U.S. markets
- Dividends receivable on the foreign securities contained in the Fund's portfolio may be subject to foreign withholding taxes, thus reducing the income available for distribution to the Fund's shareholders
- The Fund is subject to the risk of market timing activities because of price differentials that may be reflected in the net asset value of the Fund's shares. The Fund generally prices its foreign securities using their closing prices from the foreign markets in which they trade, typically prior to the Fund's calculation of its net asset value. These prices may be affected by events that occur after the close of a foreign market but before a Fund prices its shares. Although the Fund may fair value foreign securities in such instances, investors may engage in frequent short-term trading to take advantage of any arbitrage opportunities in the pricing of the Fund's shares. There is no assurance that fair valuation of securities can reduce or eliminate market timing.

Certain of these risks may be greater for investments in issuers located in emerging or developing markets. These markets may be undercapitalized, may have underdeveloped legal and financial systems and/or may have less stable currencies as compared with markets of developed countries.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk.** To the extent the Fund holds cash and cash equivalents positions, even strategically, the Fund risks achieving lower returns and potential lost opportunities to participate in market appreciation, which could negatively impact the Fund's performance and ability to achieve its investment objective. This is particularly true when the market for other investments in which the Fund may invest is rapidly rising. Holding cash subjects the Fund to the credit risk of the depository institution.

**Convertible Securities Risk.** Investments in convertible securities entail some of the risks of both equity and debt securities. The value of convertible securities tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with the fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities or changes in the issuer's credit rating. Convertible securities often display a degree of market price volatility that is comparable to common stocks and are also subject to additional risks, including risk of default on interest or principal payments, which could result in a loss of income from or a decline in value of the securities. Convertible securities are subject to the risk that the credit rating of the issuer may have an effect on the convertible securities' investment value.

**Fixed-Income Securities Risk.** The value of fixed-income (debt) securities depends generally on an issuer's credit rating and the interest rate of the security. Fixed-income securities are generally subject to the following risks:

**Credit Risk.** The financial condition or perceived financial condition of an issuer of a fixed-income security may cause the issuer to default or become unable to pay interest or principal due on the security. If an issuer defaults, a fixed-income security could lose all of its value, be renegotiated at a lower interest rate or principal amount or become illiquid. Generally, investment risk and price volatility increase as a fixed-income security's credit rating declines, which can cause the price of fixed-income securities to go down.

**Interest Rate Risk.** The value of fixed-income securities may decline due to changes in prevailing interest rates. An increase in interest rates typically causes a decrease in the value of fixed-income securities in which the Fund may invest. Fixed-income securities with longer durations tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates, generally making them more volatile than fixed-income securities with shorter durations. The Fund may be subject to a greater risk of rising interest rates due

to the current period of historically low rates. The longer the duration of the Fund's debt securities, the more sensitive the Fund will be to interest rate changes. Given that interest rates are near historic lows, risks associated with rising rates may be heightened.

**Prepayment Risk.** Fixed-income securities may be subject to unanticipated prepayment, shortening the effective maturity of the security. As a result, prepayments may reduce the return on investment and cause increased price volatility in fixed-income securities. Such prepayments often occur during periods of declining interest rates, and may cause the Fund to reinvest its assets in lower yielding securities.

**Variable and Floating Interest Rate Risk.** The interest rates of variable rate securities may reset or move at specified intervals, while the interest rates on floating rate securities may reset whenever there is a change in a specified index rate, such as LIBOR. In most cases, these reset provisions reduce the impact of changes in market interest rates on the value of the security. However, some securities do not directly track an underlying index, but reset based on formulas that may produce a leveraging effect; and others may also provide for interest payments that vary inversely with market rates. Variable and floating rate securities may decline in value if interest rates in general or interest rates paid by them do not move as expected. When the Fund holds variable or floating rate securities, a decrease (or, in the case of inverse floating rate securities, an increase) in market interest rates will adversely affect the income received from such securities and the net asset value of the Fund's shares. In response to an interest rate decline, certain floating and variable rate securities may be called or redeemed by the issuer prior to maturity, which may result in the Fund having to reinvest proceeds in other investments at a lower interest rate. There may not be an active secondary market for any particular floating or variable rate

security, which could make it difficult to dispose of the security and cause the Fund to suffer a loss.

**Preferred Stock Risk.** If interest rates rise, the dividend on preferred stock may be less attractive, causing the price of preferred stock to decline. Preferred stock may have mandatory sinking fund provisions, as well as provisions for call or redemption prior to maturity, which can have a negative effect on prices when interest rates decline. Preferred stocks are equity securities because they do not constitute a liability of the issuer and therefore do not offer the same degree of protection of capital or continuation of income as debt securities. Unlike debt securities, preferred stock dividends are payable at the discretion of the issuer's board of directors. The market prices of preferred stocks are generally more sensitive to actual or perceived changes in the issuer's financial condition or prospects than are the prices of debt securities. Preferred stock also may be less liquid than common stock. The rights of preferred stock on distribution of an issuer's assets in the event of its liquidation are generally subordinated to the rights associated with an issuer's debt securities. Preferred stock may also be subject to the risk that the issuer is unable or unwilling, or is perceived (whether by market participants, ratings agencies, pricing services or otherwise) as unable or unwilling, to make timely principal and/or interest payments, or otherwise honor its obligations.

**Registered Investment Company Risk.** The risks of investment in these securities typically reflect the risks of the types of instruments in which the investment company invests. When the Fund invests in investment company securities, shareholders bear their proportionate share of their fees and expenses. As a result, an investment by the investment company could cause the Fund's operating expenses to be higher and, in turn, performance to be lower than if it were to invest directly in the instruments underlying the investment company. To the extent that the Fund invests in any investment company sponsored by the Adviser or its affiliates, the Adviser may waive certain fees and expenses.

**High-Yield Securities Risk.** Investments in “high-yield securities” or “junk bonds” are inherently speculative and have a greater risk of default than investments in investment grade fixed-income securities. Issuers of below-investment grade fixed-income securities are more likely to encounter and be materially affected by financial difficulties that may cause the issuer to default or otherwise become unable to pay interest or principal due on the security. Rising interest rates may compound such difficulties and reduce an issuer’s ability to repay principal and interest. If an issuer defaults, a below-investment grade fixed-income security could lose all of its value, be renegotiated at a lower interest rate or principal amount or become illiquid. Below-investment grade fixed-income securities may be less liquid and more volatile than investment grade fixed-income securities and may be more difficult to value or sell. Furthermore, securities rated below investment grade frequently have redemption features that permit an issuer to repurchase the security from the Fund before it matures. If the issuer redeems the bonds, the Fund may have to invest the proceeds in bonds with lower yields and may lose income.

**Business Development Company Risk.** BDCs are closed-end investment companies that have elected to register as BDCs. Shareholders bear both their proportionate share of the Fund’s expenses and similar expenses of the BDC when the fund invests in shares of the BDC. The Fund’s portfolio will be affected by the performance of the BDCs in which it invests and the performance of the BDCs’ portfolio companies, as well as the overall economic environment. The Fund may be exposed to greater risk and experience higher volatility than would a portfolio that was not investing in BDCs. The types of portfolio company securities in which BDCs invest are generally considered to be non-rated or below investment grade. The revenues, income (or losses) and valuations of these companies can, and often do, fluctuate suddenly and dramatically, and they face considerable risk of loss. BDCs primarily invest in privately-held and small and mid-size capitalization public companies. The fair values of these investments often are not readily determinable. Although each BDC’s board of directors

is responsible for determining the fair value of these securities, the uncertainty regarding fair value may adversely affect the determination of the BDC’s net asset value. This could cause the Fund’s investments in a BDC to be inaccurately valued, including overvalued. Little public information generally exists for the type of companies in which a BDC may invest and, therefore, there is a risk that investors may not be able to make a fully informed evaluation of the BDC and its portfolio of investments. A BDC’s loan portfolio may consist of investments which are unsecured with minimal, if any, collateral or cash flow coverage, making this type of investment typically higher risk compared to an asset-based loan. BDCs often borrow funds to make investments and, as a result, are exposed to the risks of leverage. Leverage magnifies the potential loss on amounts invested and therefore increases the risks associated with an investment in a BDC’s securities. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique. Further, externally-managed BDCs’ management fees, which may be substantially higher than the management fees charged to other funds, are normally payable on gross assets, including those assets acquired through the use of leverage. This may give a BDC’s investment adviser a financial incentive to incur leverage. General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on an underlying BDC’s investments and investment opportunities and, therefore may have a material adverse effect on the BDC’s investment objectives and rate of return on invested capital. In addition, investments made by BDCs are typically illiquid and are difficult to value for purposes of determining a BDC’s net asset value. If the Fund invests in a BDC that is privately placed, the investment also may be subject to additional liquidity risks because it may be difficult for the Fund to liquidate its investment in a privately placed BDC.

**Financials Sector Risk.** Performance of companies in the financials sector may be adversely impacted by many factors, including, among others, government regulations, economic conditions, credit rating downgrades, changes in interest rates, and decreased liquidity in credit markets. The impact of more stringent capital requirements, recent

or future regulation of any individual financial company, or recent or future regulation of the financials sector as a whole cannot be predicted.

**Healthcare Sector Risk.** The profitability of companies in the healthcare sector may be affected by government regulations and government healthcare programs, government reimbursement for medical expenses, increases or decreases in the cost of medical products and services, limited product lines, increased emphasis on the delivery of healthcare through outpatient services and product liability claims. Many healthcare companies are heavily dependent on patent protection, which may be time consuming and costly, and the expiration of a company's patent may adversely affect that company's profitability. Healthcare companies are subject to competitive forces that may result in pricing pressure, including price discounting, and may be thinly capitalized and susceptible to product obsolescence. Many new products in the healthcare sector require significant research and development and may be subject to regulatory approvals, which may be time consuming and costly and with no guarantee that the product will come to market.

**Communications Sector Risk.** Companies in the communications sector may be affected by industry competition, substantial capital requirements, government regulation, cyclicalities of revenues and earnings, obsolescence of communications products and services due to technological advancement, a potential decrease in the discretionary income of targeted individuals and changing consumer tastes and interests.

**Industrials Sector Risk.** To the extent the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in the industrials sector, the Fund's performance could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector. The industrials sector includes, for example, aerospace and defense, non-residential construction, engineering, machinery, transportation, and commercial and professional services companies. This sector can be significantly affected by, among other things, business cycle fluctuations, worldwide economy growth, government and corporate

spending, supply and demand for specific products and manufacturing, and government regulation. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrials sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely, to a significant extent, on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrials sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

The Beck, Mack & Oliver Partners Fund (the “Fund”) is a series of Forum Funds (the “Trust”), an open-end, management investment company (mutual fund). The Board of Trustees (the “Board”) oversees the management of the Fund and meets periodically to review the Fund’s performance, monitor investment activities and practices and discuss other matters affecting the Fund. Additional information regarding the Board and the Trust’s executive officers may be found in the Fund’s Statement of Additional Information (the “SAI”), which is available on the Adviser’s website at [www.beckmack.com](http://www.beckmack.com).

## Investment Adviser

The Fund’s investment adviser is Beck, Mack & Oliver LLC (the “Adviser”), 565 Fifth Avenue, 19th Floor, New York, New York 10017. The Adviser is a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and has provided investment advisory and management services to clients since 1931. As of June 30, 2021, the Adviser had \$4.3 billion of assets under management.

With respect to the Fund, the Adviser has claimed an exclusion from regulation with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) as a commodity pool operator (“CPO”) pursuant to CFTC Regulation 4.5 under the Commodity Exchange Act and is exempt from registration as a commodity trading adviser under CFTC Regulation 4.14(a)(8).

Subject to the general oversight of the Board, the Adviser makes investment decisions for the Fund pursuant to an investment advisory agreement between the Adviser and the Trust, on behalf of the Fund (the “Advisory Agreement”). The Adviser receives an advisory fee from the Fund at an annual rate equal to 1.00% of the Fund’s average annual daily net assets under the terms of the Advisory Agreement. The actual advisory fee rate retained by the Adviser for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 was 0.14%. The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive its fee and/or reimburse Fund expenses to limit the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement (excluding all

taxes, interest, portfolio transaction expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses) to 1.00% through at least July 31, 2022 (“Expense Cap”). The Expense Cap may only be raised or eliminated with the consent of the Board of Trustees. Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement will increase if exclusions from the Expense Cap apply.

A discussion summarizing the basis on which the Board last approved the Advisory Agreement is included in the Fund’s annual report for the year ended March 31, 2021.

## Portfolio Managers

Messrs. Robert Beck and Richard Fitzgerald are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund and perform all the functions related to the management of the portfolio.

Mr. Beck, Portfolio Manager, has 40 years of investment management experience. Mr. Beck has been Senior Member of BM&O since 1998. Mr. Beck joined BM&O in 1986 and became a Member of the Partnership in 1988.

Mr. Fitzgerald, Portfolio Manager, has over 16 years of investment management experience. Mr. Fitzgerald has been a Portfolio Manager of BM&O since 2016 and became a Member in 2018.

The SAI provides additional information about the compensation of the portfolio managers, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the ownership of Fund shares by the portfolio managers.

## Other Service Providers

Atlantic Fund Administration, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Apex US Holdings LLC (d/b/a Apex Fund Services) (“Apex”), provides fund accounting, fund administration, and compliance services to the Fund and the Trust and supplies certain officers of the Trust, including a Principal Executive Officer, a Principal Financial Officer, a Chief Compliance Officer, an Anti-Money Laundering

Compliance Officer and additional compliance support personnel. Atlantic Shareholder Services, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Apex, provides transfer agency services to the Fund and the Trust.

Foreside Fund Services, LLC (the “Distributor”), the Trust’s principal underwriter, acts as the Trust’s distributor in connection with the offering of Fund shares. The Distributor may enter into arrangements with banks, broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries through which investors may purchase or redeem shares. The Distributor is not affiliated with the Adviser or with Apex or their affiliates.

## Fund Expenses

The Fund is charged for those expenses that are directly attributable to it, while other expenses are allocated proportionately among the Fund and other series of the Trust based upon methods approved by the Board. The Adviser or other service providers may waive all or any portion of their fees and may reimburse certain expenses of the Fund. Service provider waivers may be different in dollar and percentage amount for different classes of the Fund, as applicable, may be voluntary, and do not affect the Adviser’s contractual waiver. Any agreement to waive fees or to reimburse expenses increases the investment performance of the Fund for the period during which the waiver or reimbursement is in effect and may not be recouped at a later date. Current Adviser fee waiver and/or expense reimbursements are reflected in the section titled “Fees and Expenses”.

## How to Contact the Fund

**E-mail the Fund at:**

bmo.ta@apexfs.com

**Website Address:**

www.beckmack.com

**Telephone the Fund at:**

(800) 943-6786 (toll free)

**Fax the Fund at:**

(207) 347-2195

**Write the Fund:**

Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds  
P.O. Box 588  
Portland, Maine 04112

**Overnight Address:**

Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds  
c/o Apex Fund Services  
Three Canal Plaza, Ground Floor  
Portland, Maine 04101

**Wire investments (or ACH payments):**

Please contact the transfer agent at (800) 943-6786 (toll free) to obtain the ABA routing number and account number for the Fund

day and will be priced at the next NAV. The Fund cannot accept orders that request a particular day or price for the transaction or any other special conditions.

Shares of the Fund will only be issued against full payment, as described more fully in this Prospectus and the SAI. The Fund does not issue share certificates.

If you purchase shares directly from the Fund, you will receive a confirmation of each transaction and quarterly statements detailing Fund balances and all transactions completed during the prior quarter. Automatic reinvestments of distributions and systematic investments and withdrawals may be confirmed only by quarterly statement. You should verify the accuracy of all transactions in your account as soon as you receive your confirmations and quarterly statements.

The Fund may temporarily suspend or discontinue any service or privilege, including systematic investments and withdrawals, wire redemption privileges and telephone or internet redemption privileges, if applicable. The Fund reserves the right to refuse any purchase request, including, but not limited to, requests that could adversely affect the Fund or its operations. If the Fund were to refuse any purchase request, it would notify the purchaser within two business days of receiving a purchase request in good order.

If your account is deemed abandoned or unclaimed by applicable state law, the Fund may be required to “escheat” or transfer the property to the appropriate state’s unclaimed property administration. Certain states have laws that allow shareholders to name a representative to receive notice of abandoned property (“escheatment”) by submitting a designation form, which generally can be found on the official state website. In such states, if a shareholder designates a representative to receive escheatment notices, any notice generally will be delivered as required by the state’s laws. A completed designation form should be mailed to the Fund (if shares are held directly with the Fund) or to the shareholder’s financial intermediary. Shareholders should check their state’s

## General Information

You may purchase or sell (redeem) shares of the Fund on any day that the NYSE is open for business. Notwithstanding this fact, the Fund may, only in the case of an emergency, calculate its NAV and accept and process shareholder orders when the NYSE is closed.

You may purchase or sell shares of the Fund at the next NAV calculated (normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time) after the transfer agent or your approved broker-dealer or other financial intermediary receives your request in good order. “Good order” means that you have provided sufficient information necessary to process your request as outlined in this Prospectus, including any required signatures, documents, payment and Medallion Signature Guarantees. All requests to purchase or sell Fund shares received in good order prior to the Fund’s close will receive that day’s NAV. Requests received in good order after the Fund’s close or on a day when the Fund does not value its shares will be processed on the next business

official website to get more information on escheatment law(s).

**NAV Determination.** The NAV of the Fund is determined by taking the value of the assets of the Fund, subtracting the value of the liabilities of the Fund and then dividing the result (net assets) by the number of outstanding shares of the Fund. The Fund calculates its NAV as of the close of trading on the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time). The NYSE is open every weekday other than NYSE holidays and early closings, which are published at [www.nyse.com](http://www.nyse.com) and subject to change without notice.

To the extent that the Fund's portfolio investments trade in markets on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares, the net asset value of the Fund's shares may change on those days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares. In addition, trading in certain portfolio investments may not occur on days when the Fund is open for business, as markets or exchanges other than the NYSE may be closed.

The Fund values securities at current market value, where market quotations are available, using the last reported sales price or the official closing price, as provided by independent pricing services. In the absence of sales, securities are valued at the mean of the last bid and asked prices. Non-exchange traded investment companies are valued at their NAVs. Certain short-term securities may be valued at amortized cost.

Fixed-income securities may be valued at prices supplied by the Fund's pricing agent based on broker-supplied or dealer-supplied valuations or on matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

If market quotations are not readily available or the Fund reasonably believes that they are unreliable, the Fund will seek to value such securities at fair value, as determined in good faith using procedures approved by the Board. The Board has delegated day-to-day responsibility for fair valuation determinations in accordance with these

procedures to a Valuation Committee. The Valuation Committee makes such determinations under the supervision of the Board. Fair valuation may be based on subjective factors. As a result, the fair value price of a security may differ from that security's market price and may not be the price at which the security may be sold. Fair valuation could result in a different NAV than a NAV determined by using market quotations.

Although the Fund generally prices its foreign securities using their closing prices from the foreign markets where they trade (typically prior to the Fund's calculation of its NAV), these prices may be affected by events that occur after the close of the foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares. As a result, each Fund's investments in foreign securities are more likely to require a fair value determination than investments in domestic securities. In determining fair value prices of foreign securities, the Fund may consider the performance of securities on their primary exchanges, foreign currency appreciation or depreciation, securities market movements in the U.S. and other relevant information as related to the securities.

Securities of smaller companies are more likely to require a fair value determination because they may be thinly traded and less liquid than securities of larger companies.

**Transactions Through Financial Intermediaries.** The Fund has authorized certain financial services companies, broker-dealers, banks and other agents, including the designees of such entities (collectively, "financial intermediaries"), to accept purchase and redemption orders on the Fund's behalf. If you invest through a financial intermediary, the policies and fees of the financial intermediary may be different from the policies and fees you would be subject to if you had invested directly in the Fund. Among other things, financial intermediaries may charge transaction fees and may set different minimum investment restrictions or limitations on buying or selling Fund shares. You should consult your broker or another representative of your financial intermediary for more information.

The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when a financial intermediary that is an agent of the Fund for the purpose of accepting orders receives the order. All orders to purchase or sell shares are processed as of the next NAV calculated after the order has been received in good order by a financial intermediary. Orders are accepted until the close of trading on the NYSE every business day (normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time) and are processed, including by financial intermediaries, at that day's NAV.

**Payments to Financial Intermediaries.** The Fund, at its own expense, may pay additional compensation to financial intermediaries for shareholder-related services, including administrative, recordkeeping and shareholder communication services. In addition, pursuant to any applicable Rule 12b-1 plan, the Fund may pay compensation to financial intermediaries for distribution-related services. For example, compensation may be paid to make Fund shares available to sales representatives and/or customers of a fund supermarket platform or a similar program sponsor or for services provided in connection with such fund supermarket platforms and programs. To the extent that the Fund pays all or a portion of such compensation, the payment is designed to compensate the financial intermediary for distribution activities or for providing services that would otherwise be provided by the Fund's transfer agent and/or administrator.

The Adviser or another Fund affiliate, out of its own resources and not as an expense of the Fund, may provide additional compensation to financial intermediaries. Such compensation is sometimes referred to as "revenue sharing." Compensation received by a financial intermediary from the Adviser or another Fund affiliate may include payments for shareholder servicing, marketing and/or training expenses incurred by the financial intermediary, including expenses incurred by the financial intermediary in educating its salespersons with respect to Fund shares. For example, such compensation may include reimbursements for expenses incurred in attending educational seminars regarding the Fund, including travel and lodging expenses. It may also cover

costs incurred by financial intermediaries in connection with their efforts to sell Fund shares, including costs incurred in compensating registered sales representatives and preparing, printing and distributing sales literature.

The amount of compensation paid to different financial intermediaries may vary. The compensation paid to a financial intermediary may be based on a variety of factors, including average assets under management in accounts distributed and/or serviced by the financial intermediary, gross sales by the financial intermediary and/or the number of accounts serviced by the financial intermediary that invest in the Fund.

Any compensation received by a financial intermediary, whether from the Fund, the Adviser or another affiliate, and the prospect of receiving such compensation, may provide the financial intermediary with an incentive to recommend the shares of the Fund over other potential investments. Similarly, the compensation may cause financial intermediaries to elevate the prominence of the Fund within its organization by, for example, placing it on a list of preferred funds.

**Anti-Money Laundering Program.** Customer identification and verification are part of the Fund's overall obligation to deter money laundering under federal law. The Trust's Anti-Money Laundering Program is designed to prevent the Fund from being used for money laundering or the financing of terrorist activities. In this regard, the Fund reserves the right, to the extent permitted by law, (1) to refuse, cancel or rescind any purchase order or (2) to freeze any account and/or suspend account services. These actions will be taken when, at the sole discretion of Trust management, they are deemed to be in the best interest of the Fund or in cases when the Fund is requested or compelled to do so by governmental or law enforcement authorities or applicable law. If your account is closed at the request of governmental or law enforcement authorities, you may not receive proceeds of the redemption if the Fund is required to withhold such proceeds.

Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings. A description of the Fund’s policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of portfolio securities is available in the Fund’s SAI, which is available on the Adviser’s website at [www.beckmack.com](http://www.beckmack.com).

## Buying Shares

**How to Make Payments.** Unless purchased through a financial intermediary, all investments must be made by check, Automated Clearing House (“ACH”) or wire. All checks must be payable in U.S. dollars and drawn on U.S. financial institutions. In the absence of the granting of an exception consistent with the Trust’s Anti-Money Laundering Program, the Fund does not accept purchases made by credit card check, starter check, checks with more than one endorsement (unless the check is payable to all endorsees), cash or cash equivalents (for instance, you may not pay by money order, cashier’s check, bank draft or traveler’s check). The Fund and the Adviser also reserve the right to accept in kind contributions of securities in exchange for shares of the Fund.

**Checks.** Checks must be made payable to “Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds.” For individual, sole proprietorship, joint, Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (“UGMA”) and Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (“UTMA”) accounts, checks may be made payable to one or more owners of the account and endorsed to “Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds.” A \$20 charge may be imposed on any returned checks.

**ACH.** The Automated Clearing House system maintained by the Federal Reserve Bank allows banks to process checks, transfer funds and perform other tasks. Your U.S. financial institution may charge you a fee for this service.

**Wires.** You may instruct the U.S. financial institution with which you have an account to make a federal funds wire payment to the Fund. Your U.S. financial institution may charge you a fee for this service.

**Minimum Investments.** The Fund accepts investments in the following minimum amounts:

	Minimum Initial Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Minimum Additional Investment <sup>(1)</sup>
Standard Accounts	\$2,500	\$1,000
Retirement Accounts	\$2,000	\$1,000

<sup>(1)</sup> No initial or subsequent investment minimums for accounts maintained by financial institutions for the benefit of their clients who purchase shares through investment programs such as (1) fee-based advisory programs; (2) employee benefit plans like 401(k) retirement plans; (3) mutual fund platforms; and (4) consulting firms.

The Fund reserves the right to waive minimum investment amounts, if deemed appropriate by an officer of the Trust.

Registered investment advisers and financial planners may be permitted to aggregate the value of accounts in order to meet minimum investment amounts.

**Account Requirements:** The following table describes the requirements to establish certain types of accounts in the Fund.

Type of Account	Requirement
<p><b>Individual, Sole Proprietorship and Joint Accounts</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Individual accounts and sole proprietorship accounts are owned by one person. Joint accounts have two or more owners (tenants).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Instructions must be signed by all persons named as account owners exactly as their names appear on the account.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Gifts or Transfers to a Minor (UGMA, UTMA)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>These custodial accounts are owned by a minor child but controlled by an adult custodian.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Depending on state laws, you may set up a custodial account under the UGMA or the UTMA.</li> <li>The custodian must sign instructions in a manner indicating custodial capacity.</li> </ul>

Type of Account	Requirement
<p><b><i>Corporations/Other Entities</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• These accounts are owned by the entity, but control is exercised by its officers, partners or other management</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The entity should submit a certified copy of its articles of incorporation (or a government-issued business license or other document that reflects the existence of the entity) and a corporate resolution or a secretary’s certificate.</li> </ul>
<p><b><i>Trusts</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• These accounts are controlled by a trustee as a way to convey and control assets for the benefit of a third-party owner.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The trust must be established before an account may be opened.</li> <li>• The trust should provide the first and signature pages from the trust document identifying the trustees.</li> </ul>

**Account Application and Customer Identity Verification:** To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account.

When you open an account, the Fund will ask for your first and last name, U.S. taxpayer identification number (“TIN”), physical street address, date of birth and other information or documents that will allow the Fund to identify you. If you do not supply the required information, the Fund will attempt to contact you or, if applicable, your financial adviser. If the Fund cannot obtain the required information within a timeframe established in its sole discretion, your application will be rejected.

When your application is in good order and includes all required information, your order will normally be processed at the NAV next calculated after receipt of your application and investment amount. The Fund will attempt to verify your identity using the information that you have

supplied and other information about you that is available from third parties, including information available in public and private databases, such as consumer reports from credit reporting agencies.

The Fund will try to verify your identity within a timeframe established in its sole discretion. If the Fund cannot do so, the Fund reserves the right to redeem your investment at the next NAV calculated after the Fund decides to close your account. If your account is closed, you may realize a gain or loss on the Fund shares in the account. You will be responsible for any related taxes and will not be able to recoup any redemption fees assessed, if applicable.

**Policy on Prohibition of Foreign Shareholders.** The Fund requires that all shareholders be U.S. persons or U.S. resident aliens with a valid TIN (or show proof of having applied for a TIN and commit to provide a valid TIN within 60 days) in order to open an account with the Fund.

**Investment Procedures.** The following table describes the procedures for investing in the Fund.

How to Open an Account	How to Add to Your Account
<p><b><i>Through a Financial Intermediary</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contact your financial intermediary using the method that is most convenient for you.</li> </ul>	<p><b><i>Through a Financial Intermediary</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contact your financial intermediary using the method that is most convenient for you.</li> </ul>
<p><b><i>By Check</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call, write or e-mail the Fund or visit the Adviser’s website for an account application.</li> <li>• Complete the application (and other required documents, if applicable).</li> <li>• Mail the Fund your original application (and other required documents, if applicable) and a check.</li> </ul>	<p><b><i>By Check</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fill out an investment slip from a confirmation or write the Fund a letter.</li> <li>• Write your account number on your check.</li> <li>• Mail the Fund the investment slip or your letter and the check.</li> </ul>

## How to Open an Account

### ***By Wire***

- Call, write or e-mail the Fund or visit the Adviser's website for an account application.
- Complete the application (and other required documents, if applicable).
- Call the Fund to notify the transfer agent that you are faxing your completed application (and other required documents, if applicable). The transfer agent will assign you an account number.
- Mail the Fund your original application (and other required documents, if applicable).
- Instruct your U.S. financial institution to wire money to the Fund.

### ***By ACH Payment***

- Call, write or e-mail the Fund or visit the Adviser's website for an account application.
- Complete the application (and other required documents, if applicable).
- Call the Fund to notify the transfer agent that you are faxing your completed application (and other required documents, if applicable). The transfer agent will assign you an account number.
- Mail the Fund your original application (and other required documents, if applicable).
- The transfer agent will electronically debit your purchase proceeds from the U.S. financial institution identified on your account application.
- ACH purchases are limited to \$25,000 per day.

## How to Add to Your Account

### ***By Wire***

- Instruct your U.S. financial institution to wire money to the Fund.

### ***By ACH Payment***

- Call the Fund to request a purchase by ACH payment.
- The transfer agent will electronically debit your purchase proceeds from the U.S. financial institution account identified on your account application.
- ACH purchases are limited to \$25,000 per day.

**Systematic Investments.** You may establish a systematic investment plan to automatically invest a specific amount of money (up to \$25,000 per day) into your account on a specified day and frequency not to exceed two investments per month. Payments for systematic investments are automatically debited from your designated savings or checking account via ACH. Systematic investments must be for at least \$250 per occurrence. If you wish to enroll in a systematic investment plan, complete the appropriate section on the account application. Your signed account application must be received at least three business days prior to the initial transaction. The Fund may terminate or modify this privilege at any time. You may terminate your participation in a systematic investment plan by notifying the Fund at least two days in advance of the next withdrawal.

A systematic investment plan is a method of using dollar cost averaging as an investment strategy that involves investing a fixed amount of money at regular time intervals. However, a program of regular investment cannot ensure a profit or protect against a loss as a result of declining markets. By continually investing the same amount, you will be purchasing more shares when the price is lower and fewer shares when the price is higher. Please call (800) 943-6786 (toll free) for additional information regarding systematic investment plans.

**Limitations on Frequent Purchases.** The Board has adopted policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares by Fund shareholders. It is the Fund's policy to discourage short-term trading. Frequent trading in the Fund, such as traders

seeking short-term profits from market momentum, time zone arbitrage and other short-term trading strategies may interfere with the management of the Fund's portfolio and result in increased administrative and brokerage costs and a potential dilution in the value of Fund shares. As money is moved in and out, the Fund may incur expenses buying and selling portfolio securities and these expenses are borne by Fund shareholders. The Fund does not permit market short-term trading and will not knowingly accommodate trading in Fund shares in violation of these policies.

Focus is placed on identifying redemption transactions which may be harmful to the Fund or its shareholders if they are frequent. These transactions are analyzed for offsetting purchases within a predetermined period of time. If frequent trading trends are detected, an appropriate course of action may be taken. The Fund has broad authority to take discretionary action against market timers and against particular trades. The Fund reserves the right to cancel, restrict or reject without any prior notice, any purchase order, including transactions representing excessive trading, transactions that may be disruptive to the management of the Fund's portfolio, and purchase orders not accompanied by payment.

Because the Fund receives purchase and sale orders through financial intermediaries that use omnibus or retirement accounts, the Fund cannot always detect frequent purchases and redemptions. As a consequence, the Fund's ability to monitor and discourage abusive trading practices in such accounts may be limited.

In addition, the sale of Fund shares is subject to a redemption fee of 2.00% of the amount redeemed within 60 days of purchase. This redemption fee, which may discourage frequent trading by investors, offsets costs the Fund may incur as a result of redemptions related to market timing. See "Selling Shares - Redemption Fee" for additional information.

The investment in foreign securities, including ADRs, may make the Fund more susceptible to the risk of short-term trading activities because of price differentials between

ADRs and their underlying foreign securities that may be reflected in the NAV of the Fund's shares. The Fund generally prices its foreign securities using their closing prices from the foreign markets in which they trade, typically prior to the Fund's calculation of its NAV. These prices may be affected by events that occur after the close of a foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares. Although the Fund may fair value foreign securities in such instances and notwithstanding other measures that the Fund may take to discourage frequent purchases and redemptions, investors may engage in frequent short-term trading to take advantage of any arbitrage opportunities in the pricing of the Fund's shares. There is no assurance that fair valuation of securities will reduce or eliminate short-term trading.

The investment in securities of small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies may make the Fund more susceptible to short-term trading, as shareholders may try to capitalize on the market volatility of such securities and the effect of the volatility on the value of Fund shares.

The Fund reserves the right to refuse any purchase requests, particularly those requests that could adversely affect the Fund or its operations.

**Canceled or Failed Payments.** The Fund accepts checks and ACH payments at full value subject to collection. If the Fund does not receive your payment for shares or you pay with a check or ACH payment that does not clear, your purchase will be canceled within two business days of notification from your bank that your funds did not clear. You will be responsible for any actual losses and expenses incurred by the Fund or the transfer agent. The Fund and its agents have the right to reject or cancel any purchase request due to non-payment.

## Selling Shares

Redemption orders received in good order will be processed at the next calculated NAV. The Fund typically expects to pay shareholder redemption requests, including during stressed market conditions, within one business day of receipt of the request in good order, and may seek

to meet such redemption requests through one or more of the following methods: sales of portfolio assets, use of cash or cash equivalents held in the Fund's portfolio, and/or redemptions in kind, as permitted by applicable rules and regulations. The right of redemption may not be suspended for more than seven days after the tender of Fund shares, except for any period during which (1) the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings) or the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") determines that trading thereon is restricted, (2) an emergency (as determined by the SEC) exists as a result of which disposal by the Fund of its securities is not reasonably practicable or as a result of which it is not reasonably practicable for the Fund to determine fairly the value of its net assets, or (3) the SEC has entered a suspension order for the protection of the shareholders of the Fund.

The Fund will not issue shares until payment is received. If redemption is sought for shares for which payment has not been received, the Fund will delay sending redemption proceeds until payment is received, which may be up to 15 calendar days.

## How to Sell Shares from Your Account

### *Through a Financial Intermediary*

- If you purchased shares through your financial intermediary, your redemption order must be placed through the same financial intermediary.

### *By Mail*

- Prepare a written request including:
  - your name(s) and signature(s);
  - your account number;
  - the Fund name;
  - the dollar amount or number of shares you want to sell;
  - how and where to send the redemption proceeds;
  - a Medallion Signature Guarantee (if required); and
  - other documentation (if required).
- Mail the Fund your request and documentation.

## How to Sell Shares from Your Account

### *By Telephone*

- Call the Fund with your request, unless you declined telephone redemption privileges on your account application.
- Provide the following information:
  - your account number;
  - the exact name(s) in which the account is registered; and
  - an additional form of identification.
- Redemption proceeds will be mailed to you by check or electronically credited to your account at the U.S. financial institution identified on your account application.

### *By Systematic Withdrawal*

- Complete the systematic withdrawal section of the application.
- Attach a voided check to your application.
- Mail the completed application to the Fund.
- Redemption proceeds will be mailed to you by check or electronically credited to your account at the U.S. financial institution identified on your account application.

**Wire Redemption Privileges.** You may redeem your shares with proceeds payable by wire unless you declined wire redemption privileges on your account application. The minimum amount that may be redeemed by wire is \$5,000.

**Telephone Redemption Privileges.** You may redeem your shares by telephone, unless you declined telephone redemption privileges on your account application. You may be responsible for an unauthorized telephone redemption order as long as the transfer agent takes reasonable measures to verify that the order is genuine. Telephone redemption orders may be difficult to complete during periods of significant economic or market activity. If you are not able to reach the Fund by telephone, you may mail us your redemption order.

**Systematic Withdrawals.** You may establish a systematic withdrawal plan to automatically redeem a specific amount of money or shares from your account on a specified day and frequency not to exceed one withdrawal per month. Payments for systematic withdrawals are sent

by check to your address of record, or if you so designate, to your bank account by ACH payment. To establish a systematic withdrawal plan, complete the systematic withdrawal section of the account application. The plan may be terminated or modified by a shareholder or the Fund at any time without charge or penalty. You may terminate your participation in a systematic withdrawal plan at any time by contacting the Fund sufficiently in advance of the next withdrawal, which generally means up to 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, on the date of the scheduled withdrawal if notified by phone, or two business days in advance of the withdrawal date if notified in writing.

A withdrawal under a systematic withdrawal plan involves a redemption of Fund shares and may result in a gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. Please call (800) 943-6786 (toll free) for additional information regarding systematic withdrawal plans.

**Signature Guarantee Requirements.** To protect you and the Fund against fraud, signatures on certain requests must have a Medallion Signature Guarantee. A Medallion Signature Guarantee verifies the authenticity of your signature. You may obtain a Medallion Signature Guarantee from most banking institutions or securities brokers but not from a notary public. Written instructions signed by all registered shareholders with a Medallion Signature Guarantee for each shareholder are required for any of the following:

- written requests to redeem \$100,000 or more;
- changes to a shareholder's record name or account registration;
- paying redemption proceeds from an account for which the address has changed within the last 30 days;
- sending redemption and distribution proceeds to any person, address or financial institution account not on record;
- sending redemption and distribution proceeds to an account with a different registration (name or ownership) from your account; and

- adding or changing ACH or wire instructions, the telephone redemption or any other election in connection with your account.

The Fund reserves the right to require Medallion Signature Guarantees on all redemptions.

**Redemption Fee.** If you redeem your shares in a Fund within 60 days of purchase, you will be charged a 2.00% redemption fee. The fee is charged for the benefit of the Fund's remaining shareholders and will be paid to the Fund to help offset transaction costs. To calculate the redemption fee (after first redeeming any shares associated with reinvested distributions), the Funds will use the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method to determine the holding period. Under this method, the date of the redemption will be compared with the earliest purchase date of shares in the account.

The following redemptions may be exempt from application of the redemption fee if you request the exemption at the time the redemption request is made:

- redemption of shares in a deceased shareholder's account;
- redemption of shares in an account of a disabled individual (disability of the shareholder as determined by the Social Security Administration);
- redemption of shares purchased through a dividend reinvestment program;
- redemption of shares pursuant to a systematic withdrawal plan;
- redemptions in a qualified retirement plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("IRC") or a plan operating consistent with Section 403(b) of the IRC; and
- redemptions from share transfers, rollovers, re-registrations within the same fund or conversions from one share class to another within the Fund, if applicable.

The Funds may require appropriate documentation of eligibility for exemption from application of the redemption fee.

Certain financial intermediaries that collect a redemption fee on behalf of the Funds may not recognize one or more of the exceptions to the redemption fee listed above. Financial intermediaries may not be able to assess a redemption fee under certain circumstances due to operational limitations (*i.e.*, on the Fund’s shares transferred to the financial intermediary and subsequently liquidated). Customers purchasing shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary or refer to the customer’s account agreement or plan document for information about how the redemption fee is treated. If a financial intermediary that maintains an account with the transfer agent for the benefit of its customers collects a redemption fee for the Fund, no redemption fee will be charged directly to the financial intermediary’s account by the Fund. Certain financial intermediaries that operate omnibus accounts may waive the redemption fee, subject to approval of a Fund officer.

**Small Account Balances.** If the value of your account falls below the minimum account balances in the following table, the Fund may ask you to increase your balance. If the account value is still below the minimum balance after 60 days, the Fund may close your account and send you the proceeds. The Fund will not close your account if it falls below these amounts solely as a result of Fund performance.

	Minimum Account Balance
Standard Accounts	\$1,000
Retirement Accounts	\$500

**Redemptions in Kind.** Redemption proceeds normally are paid in cash. Consistent with an election filed with the SEC, under certain circumstances, the Fund may pay redemption proceeds in portfolio securities rather than in cash pursuant to procedures adopted by the Board. However, if the Fund redeems shares in this manner, the shareholder assumes the risk of, among other things, a subsequent change in the market value of those securities and the costs of liquidating the securities (such as brokerage costs). In kind redemptions may be satisfied

using illiquid securities held in the Fund’s portfolio, in which case the shareholder will assume the risks associated with such illiquid securities, including the possibility of a lack of a liquid market for those securities. In kind redemptions may take the form of a pro rata portion of the Fund’s portfolio, individual securities, or a representative basket of securities. Please see the SAI for more details on redemptions in kind.

**Lost Accounts.** The transfer agent will consider your account lost if correspondence to your address of record is returned as undeliverable on two consecutive occasions, unless the transfer agent determines your new address. When an account is lost, all distributions on the account will be reinvested in additional shares of the Fund. In addition, the amount of any outstanding check (unpaid for six months or more) and checks that have been returned to the transfer agent may be reinvested at the current NAV, and the checks will be canceled. However, checks will not be reinvested into accounts with a zero balance but will be held in a different account. Any of your unclaimed property may be transferred to the state of your last known address if no activity occurs in your account within the time period specified by that state’s law.

**Shareholder Service Fees.** The Trust has adopted a shareholder servicing plan under which the Fund may pay an annualized fee up to the greater of (i) 0.10% of the average daily net assets serviced, and (ii) \$15 per shareholder account to the Adviser, brokers, dealers and other financial intermediaries for providing administration, recordkeeping, and other shareholder services associated with shareholders whose shares are held of record in omnibus accounts, other group accounts, or accounts traded through registered securities clearing agents. If the Fund pays shareholder service fees on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment.

**Retirement Accounts**

You may invest in shares of the Fund through an IRA, including traditional and Roth IRAs, also known as a “Qualified Retirement Account.” The Fund may also be

appropriate for other retirement plans, such as 401(k) plans. Before investing in an IRA or other retirement account, you should consult your tax advisor. Whenever making an investment in an IRA or certain retirement plans, be sure to indicate the year to which the contribution is attributed.

**Distributions and Reinvestments.** The Fund declares dividends from net investment income and pays them annually. Any net capital gains and net foreign currency gains realized by the Fund are distributed at least annually.

Most investors typically have their income dividends and other distributions (each, a “distribution”) paid by the Fund reinvested in additional shares of the Fund. If you choose this option, or if you do not indicate any choice, your distributions will be reinvested. Alternatively, you may choose to have your distributions of \$10 or more sent directly to your bank account or paid to you by check. However, if a distribution is less than \$10, your proceeds will be reinvested. If five or more of your distribution checks remain uncashed after 180 days, all subsequent distributions may be reinvested. For federal income tax purposes, distributions to shareholders (other than qualified retirement plans and accounts and other tax-exempt investors) are taxable and are treated the same whether they are received in cash or reinvested.

**Taxes.** The Fund intends to operate in a manner such that it will continue to qualify for treatment as a “regulated investment company” under Subchapter M of Chapter 1, Subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and will not be liable for federal income or excise taxes on net income and net realized gains that it distributes.

The Fund’s distributions of net investment income, the excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss, and certain net foreign currency gains are taxable to you as ordinary income, except as noted below. The Fund’s distributions of net capital gain (that is, the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), if any, are taxable to you as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long you have held your shares. Distributions may also be subject to state and local income taxes. Some Fund distributions may also include a nontaxable so-called “return of capital,” which will reduce your tax basis in your Fund shares and is treated as gain from the sale of the shares to the extent that it exceeds your basis.

The Fund’s dividends attributable to its “qualified dividend income” (*i.e.*, dividends received on stock of most domestic and certain foreign corporations with respect to which the Fund satisfies certain holding period and other restrictions) generally will be subject to federal income tax for individual and certain other non-corporate shareholders (each, an “individual shareholder”) who satisfy those restrictions with respect to their Fund shares at the rates for net capital gain – a maximum of 15% for non-corporate shareholders with taxable income not exceeding certain thresholds (which will be adjusted for inflation annually) and 20% for non-corporate shareholders with taxable income exceeding such thresholds. A portion of the Fund’s dividends also may be eligible for the dividends-received deduction allowed to corporations; the eligible portion may not exceed the aggregate dividends the Fund receives from domestic corporations subject to federal income tax (thus excluding, among others, real estate investment trusts) and excludes dividends from foreign corporations, subject to similar restrictions. Tax laws and rates may change over time. Please consult a tax professional for more information.

Generally, Fund distributions are taxable to you in the year you receive them. However, any distributions that are declared in October, November or December to shareholders of record in such a month but paid in January generally are taxable as if received on December 31.

A distribution reduces the NAV of the Fund’s shares by the amount of the distribution. If you purchase shares prior to a distribution, you are taxed on the full amount of the distribution even though it represents a partial return of your investment.

A sale (redemption) of Fund shares is a taxable event for federal income tax purposes. You will recognize a gain or loss on the transaction equal to the difference, if any, between the amount of your net redemption proceeds and your tax basis in the redeemed Fund shares. The gain or loss will be capital gain or loss if you held the Fund shares as capital assets. Any capital gain or loss will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if you held the

Fund shares for more than one year at the time of the redemption, and any such gain will be taxed to individual shareholders at the 15% or 20% maximum federal income tax rates mentioned above. Any capital loss arising from a redemption of Fund shares held for six months or less, however, will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the amount of net capital gain distributions received with respect to those shares.

**Withholding Tax.** If an individual shareholder fails to certify that the TIN furnished to the Fund is correct or furnishes an incorrect number, the Fund must withhold and remit to the U.S. Treasury Department 24% of dividends, capital gain distributions, and redemption proceeds (regardless of whether the shareholder realizes a gain or loss) otherwise payable to the shareholder (together with the withholding described in the next sentence, “backup withholding”). Withholding at that rate also is required from the Fund’s dividends and capital gain distributions otherwise payable to such a shareholder who is subject to backup withholding for any other reason. Backup withholding is not an additional tax, and any amounts so withheld may be credited against a shareholder’s federal income tax liability or refunded.

A Fund shareholder who wants to use the average basis method for determining basis in Fund shares that he or she acquired or acquires after December 31, 2011 (“Covered Shares”), must elect to do so in writing (which may be electronic). If a Fund shareholder fails to affirmatively elect the average basis method, the basis determination will be made in accordance with the Fund’s default method, which is first-in first-out. If, however, a Fund shareholder wishes to use a different method accepted by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) for basis determination (*e.g.*, a specific identification method), the shareholder may elect to do so. The basis determination method that a Fund shareholder elects may not be changed with respect to a redemption of Covered Shares after the settlement date of the redemption.

In addition to the requirement to report the gross proceeds from a redemption of shares, the Fund (or its

administrative agent) must report to the IRS and furnish to its shareholders the basis information for Covered Shares and indicate whether they had a short-term (one year or less) or long-term (more than one year) holding period. Fund shareholders should consult with their tax advisors to determine the best IRS-accepted basis determination method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how the basis reporting law applies to them.

An individual shareholder whose “modified adjusted gross income” exceeds a threshold amount (\$250,000 for married persons filing jointly and \$200,000 for single taxpayers) (“Excess”) is required to pay a 3.8% federal tax on the lesser of (1) the Excess or (2) the individual shareholder’s “net investment income,” which generally includes dividends, interest, and net gains from the disposition of investment property (including distributions the Fund pays and net gains realized on a redemption of Fund shares). This tax is in addition to any other taxes due on that income. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, this provision may have on their investment in Fund shares.

After December 31 of each year, the Fund will mail to its shareholders reports containing information about the federal income tax status of distributions paid during the year. For further information about the tax effects of investing in the Fund, please see the SAI and consult your tax advisor.

**Organization.** The Trust is a Delaware statutory trust, and the Fund is a series thereof. The Fund does not expect to hold shareholders’ meetings unless required by federal or Delaware law. Shareholders of each series of the Trust are entitled to vote at shareholders’ meetings unless a matter relates only to a specific series (such as the approval of an advisory agreement for the Fund). From time to time, large shareholders may control the Fund or the Trust.

**Additional Information.** The Trust enters into contractual arrangements with various parties, including, among others, the Fund’s Adviser, Subadviser(s) (if

applicable), custodian, principal underwriter and transfer agent who provide services to the Fund. Shareholders are not parties to any such contractual arrangements or intended beneficiaries of those contractual arrangements, and those contractual arrangements are not intended to create in any shareholder any right to enforce them against the service providers or to seek any remedy under them against the service providers, either directly or on behalf of the Trust.

This Prospectus provides information concerning the Fund that you should consider in determining whether to purchase Fund shares. Neither this Prospectus, the SAI nor any other communication to shareholders is intended, or should be read, to be or give rise to an agreement or contract between the Trust, its trustees or any series of the Trust, including the Fund, and any investor, or to give rise to any rights in any shareholder or other person other than any rights under federal or state law that may not be waived.

## Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the past five years or, if shorter, the period of the Fund's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions.

This information has been audited by BBD, LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the annual report dated March 31, 2021, which is available upon request.

	For the Years Ended March 31,				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, Beginning of Year</b>	\$ 9.27	\$ 11.24	\$ 11.56	\$ 10.26	\$ 8.98
<b>INVESTMENT OPERATIONS</b>					
Net investment income (a)	0.10	0.12	0.14	0.13	0.08
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	7.48	(2.03)	(0.46)	1.18	1.30
Total from Investment Operations	7.58	(1.91)	(0.32)	1.31	1.38
<b>DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM</b>					
Net investment income	(0.08)	(0.06)	—	(0.01)	(0.10)
Total Distributions to Shareholders	(0.08)	(0.06)	—	(0.01)	(0.10)
<b>REDEMPTION FEES(a)</b>	0.00(b)	0.00(b)	0.00(b)	0.00(b)	0.00(b)
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, End of Year</b>	\$ 16.77	\$ 9.27	\$ 11.24	\$ 11.56	\$ 10.26
<b>TOTAL RETURN</b>	81.97%	(17.17)%	(2.77)%	12.77%	15.45%
<b>RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTARY DATA</b>					
Net Assets at End of Year (000s omitted)	\$ 47,464	\$ 27,161	\$ 36,760	\$ 38,368	\$ 37,769
Ratios to Average Net Assets:					
Net investment income	0.82%	1.01%	1.19%	1.17%	0.80%
Net expenses	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Gross expenses (c)	1.86%	1.80%	1.74%	1.76%	1.81%
<b>PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE</b>	18%	10%	17%	19%	26%

(a) Calculated based on average shares outstanding during each year.

(b) Less than \$0.01 per share.

(c) Reflects the expense ratio excluding any waivers and/or reimbursements.

**FACTS****WHAT DOES THE BECK, MACK & OLIVER PARTNERS FUND DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?**

<b>Why?</b>	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
<b>What?</b>	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social Security number and</li> <li>• Account balances and</li> <li>• Account transactions and</li> <li>• Checking account information and</li> <li>• Retirement assets and</li> <li>• Wire transfer instructions.</li> </ul> <p>When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>
<b>How?</b>	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons the Beck, Mack & Oliver Partners Fund chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does the Beck, Mack, and Oliver Partners Fund share?	Can you limit this sharing?
<b>For our everyday business purposes—</b> such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
<b>For our marketing purposes—</b> to offer our products and services to you	No	We do not share
<b>For joint marketing with other financial companies</b>	No	We do not share
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—</b> information about your transactions and experiences	No	We do not share
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—</b> information about your credit worthiness	No	We do not share
<b>For non-affiliates to market to you</b>	No	We do not share

<b>Questions?</b>	Call toll-free (800) 943-6786.
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Who we are	
<b>Who is providing this notice?</b>	Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds
What we do	
<b>How does the Beck, Mack &amp; Oliver Partners Fund protect my personal information?</b>	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
<b>How does the Beck, Mack &amp; Oliver Partners Fund collect my personal information?</b>	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• open an account or</li> <li>• provide account information or</li> <li>• make deposits or withdrawals from your account or</li> <li>• make a wire transfer or</li> <li>• tell us where to send the money.</li> </ul> <p>We also collect your personal information from other companies.</p>
<b>Why can't I limit all sharing?</b>	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness</li> <li>• affiliates from using your information to market to you</li> <li>• sharing for non-affiliates to market to you</li> </ul> <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>
Definitions	
<b>Affiliates</b>	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <p><i>Beck, Mack &amp; Oliver LLC, the investment adviser to the Beck, Mack &amp; Oliver Partners Fund, could be deemed to be an affiliate.</i></p>
<b>Non-affiliates</b>	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <p><i>The Beck, Mack &amp; Oliver Partners Fund does not share with non-affiliates so they can market to you.</i></p>
<b>Joint marketing</b>	<p>A formal agreement between non-affiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <p><i>The Beck, Mack &amp; Oliver Partners Fund doesn't jointly market.</i></p>

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# BECK, MACK & OLIVER PARTNERS FUND (BMPEX)

## FOR MORE INFORMATION

### Annual and Semi-Annual Reports

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Fund's annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

### Statement of Additional Information ("SAI")

The SAI provides additional information about the Fund and is incorporated by reference into, and is legally part of, this Prospectus.

### Contacting the Fund

You may obtain free copies of the annual and semi-annual reports and the SAI, request other information and discuss your questions about the Fund by contacting the Fund at:

Beck, Mack & Oliver Funds

P.O. Box 588

Portland, Maine 04112

The Fund's Prospectus, SAI and annual and semi-annual reports are available, without charge, on the Adviser's website at: [www.beckmack.com](http://www.beckmack.com).

### Securities and Exchange Commission Information

Fund information, including copies of the annual and semi-annual reports and the SAI, is available on the SEC's EDGAR database website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

You may also obtain copies of this information, for a duplication fee, by sending an email request to [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

Distributor  
Foreside Fund Services, LLC  
ree Canal Plaza, Suite 100  
Portland, Maine 04101  
[www.foreside.com](http://www.foreside.com)

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